Bags of	candy.				
Instructions: Do NOT	look into the b	oag until instruc	eted to do so	0.	
the color Replace	of the wrappe	r (you may abb the bag and rep	reviate the	one piece of cand colors) in the table cess 49 more time	below.
flavors o proportio	of the candies in ons into percen	n your bag base	d on your r are just the	(proportion) distribes the control of posterior of poster	nvert your
Flavor (color)	Orange (orange)	Strawberry (pink)	Cherry (red)	Lemon (yellow)	Total
Frequency					50
Proportion					1.00
Percent					100%

The only time you will use the actual contents of the bag is for questions 10-11.

Everything else in this activity uses your sample results.

Name : \_\_\_\_\_

Math 113: Classroom Activity 5

10 pts

**Materials Needed:** 

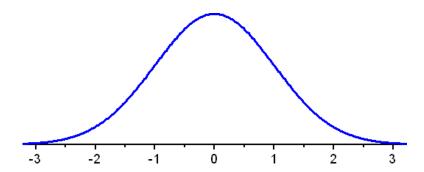
Actual

3. If you repeated this entire process again with the same bag of candy, would you expect to get exactly the same results? Would you expect to get similar results? Explain your answer.

- 4. What is the sample proportion,  $\hat{p}$ , of strawberry candies?
- 5. Find the standard error of the proportion,  $SE(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}\hat{q}}{n}}$ .
- 6. What are the critical z-values for a 95% confidence interval for the population proportion?
- 7. Find the margin of error,  $ME = CV \times SE$ .
- 8. Add and subtract the margin of error from the center of the distribution to find the limits for the confidence interval,  $\hat{p} \pm ME$ .
- 9. Write the 95% confidence interval for the true proportion of strawberry candies that are in the bag.

- 10. The true proportion, p, of strawberry candies in the bag is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 11. The confidence interval ( does / does not ) contain the true proportion of strawberry candies found in the bag.

- 12. Label the figure as described.
  - a. Label the center of the axis with the sample proportion.
  - b. Draw vertical lines at the critical z-values.
  - c. Draw dimensional arrows between the center and the critical values and label as the margin of error.
  - d. Write the limits of the confidence interval beneath the critical values.



## Test the claim that 35% of the candies are strawberry.

- 13. The claimed value of 35% (does / does not) fall in the confidence interval.
- 14. The confidence interval contains the values that are believable. Based on our sample, we (would / would not) believe the claim that 35% of the candies are strawberry.
- 15. Use the assumed proportion p = 0.35 to find the test statistic  $z = \frac{\hat{p} p}{\sqrt{pq/n}}$ .
- 16. Complete the following table using the test statistic.

test statistic	area to left	area to right	twice smaller area
z =			= p-value

17. The p-value is the likelihood of getting your results if 35% of the candies really are strawberry. If the p-value is less than 0.05, then it is unlikely that 35% of the candies are strawberry. Is there enough evidence to say the instructor is wrong?